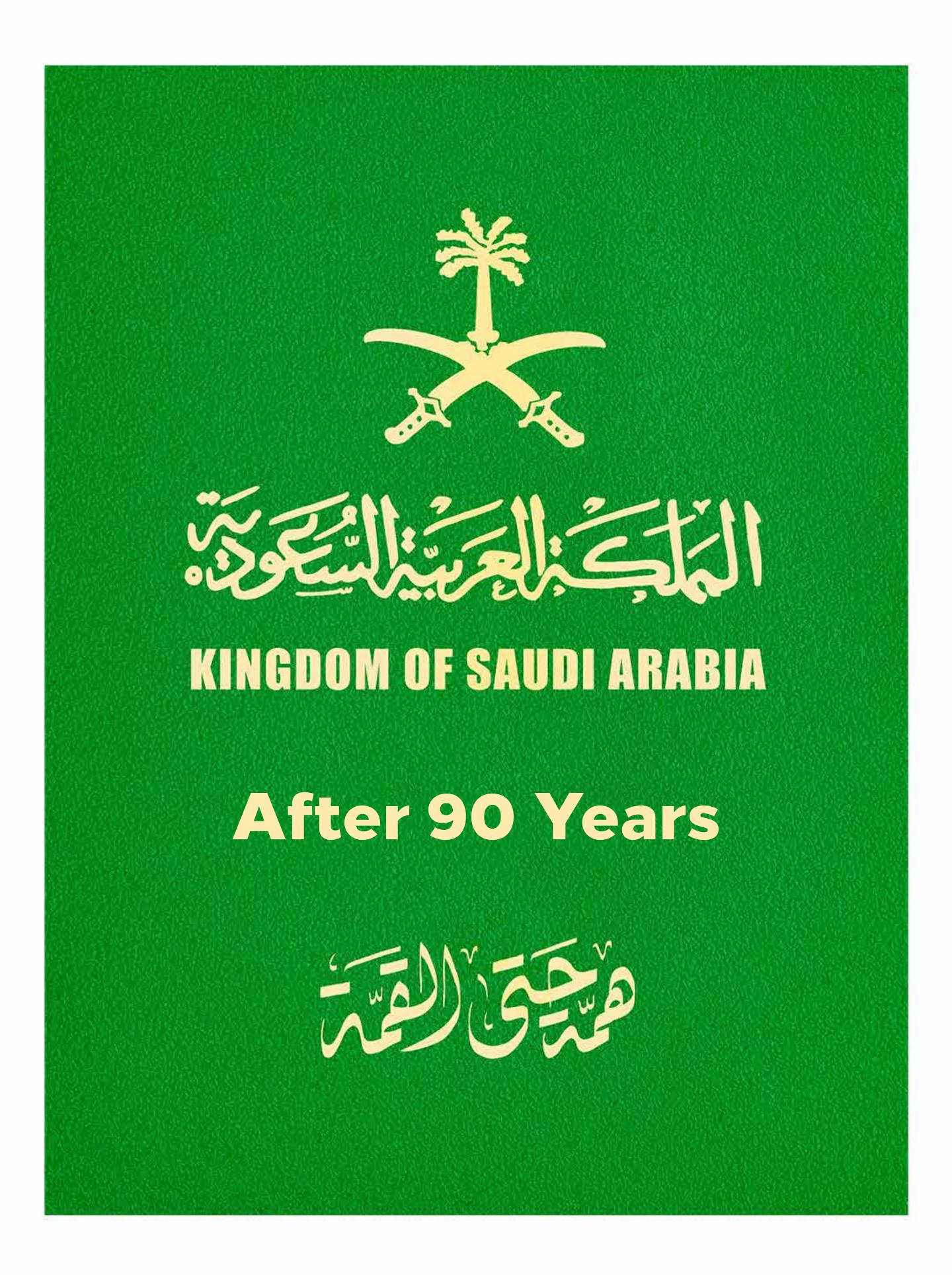
### 90 SAUDI INFORMATIONS







#### National Milestones

States and the state of the sta	-
20.12	
	De

**15.1** 1902

**Entering Riyadh** 

1924

eclaring the Consultative National Council

1924

**Establishing the Royal Court** 

1925

**Establishing the Council of Deputies** 

29.8 1926

**Establishment of Majlis Ashura** (The Consultative Council) to replace the Consultative **National Council** 



23.9

Unification of the Kingdom and declaring it as The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia



1923

Signing of the first concession for oil excavation in the country



4.3 1938

**Extracting the first oil barrel** 



26.6 1945

Signing the charter of the United Nations

1953

**Establishing the Council of Ministers to** replace the Council of Deputies



9.11 1953

Death of King Abdulaziz Al-Saud, god have mercy on his soul



9.11 1953

King Saud bin Abdul-Aziz crowned as king



10.9 1960

**Establishment of OPEC** 







2.111964

King Faisal bin Abdulaziz crowned as new King

11.51958

Issuing the System of the Council of Ministers

1970

Issuing the first development plan

25.31975

**Assassination of King Faisal** 



Khalid Bin Abdulaziz becomes King of Saudi Arabia



13.61982

King Khalid Bin Abdulaziz, may God have mercy on him, dies and King Fahd Abdulaziz succeeds him on the throne

1.31992

Issuing the Kingdom's administrative division system, dividing the Kingdom into 13 administrative areas



1.8 2005

King Fahd, may God have mercy on him, dies and King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz succeeds him in the Kingdom's reign

18.10 2006

Forming the Allegiance Council



23.12015

King Abdullah, may God have mercy on him, dies and King Salman becomes King of Saudi Arabia

29.12015

Formation of the Council of Economic and Development Affairs and the Council of Politics and Security Affairs



25.42016

Announcing the Saudi Vision 2030 strategic framework



21.62017

Prince Mohammed bin Salman becomes crown prince of Saudi Arabia



2020

Saudi Arabia assumes presidency of the G20







### Introduction

In this brief report we directed our powers of observation and focused our lenses on the most important information and statistics that we worked hard to select and present.

In our endeavor to make this report happen we were like a fisherman picking pearls from an ocean overflowing with treasures, a hunter that collects bright stars from a space crowded with galaxies and illuminating planets.

#### 90 Saudi Informations

A report that we launch on the eve of the 90th National day of the Kingdom.

In this report we present in a nutshell the most important aspects of the Saudi achievement that might not be obvious to those who seek to explore the features of the homeland of peace and dignity.

So let these numbers be our source of guidance and inspiration and a motive to achieve our motto: "Mettle to the Top"





### Content

Population and biotic characteristics

Services and Social Development

Islamic Affairs Hajj and Umrah

Health

Money, Insurance and Prices

Tourism

Entertainment

Sports

**Education and Training** 

Labor market Energy

Agriculture, Water and Environment

Industry

**Economical Facilities** 

Culture and Media

Transportation

Militray Sector

Commerce and Investment

Technology and Communication

Saudi Arabia and The World







# Population and biotic characteristics







### Location

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is located in the far southwest of the continent of Asia, bounded to the west by the Red Sea, to the east by the Arabian Gulf, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, to the north by Kuwait, Iraq, Jordan, and to the south by Yemen and the Sultanate of Oman.



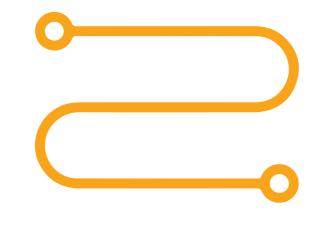




### Area and Boarders

Km2

of the area of the Arabian Peninsula



Saudi Boarders Length

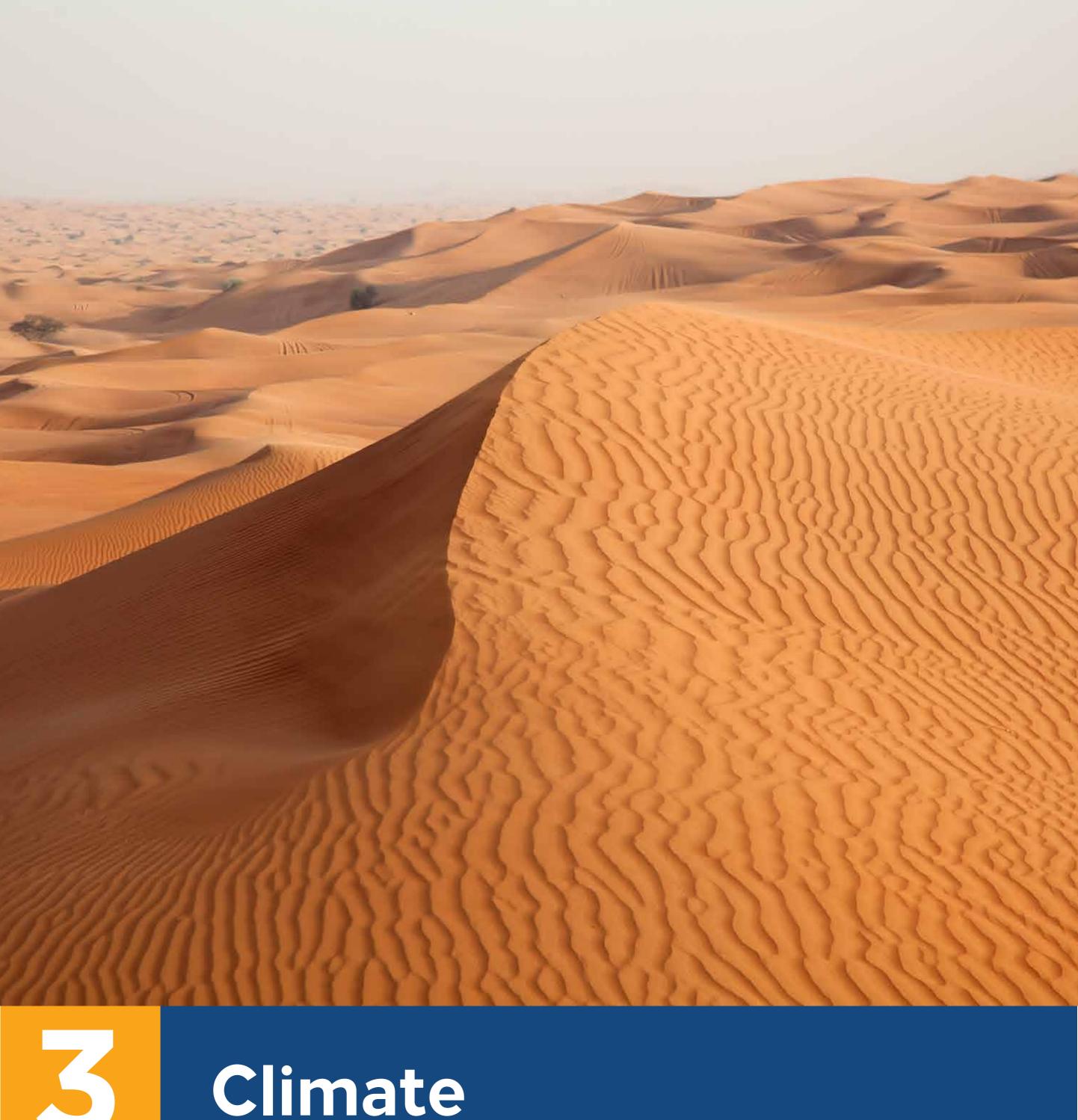
km land borders

4,415 2,640

km of coastline



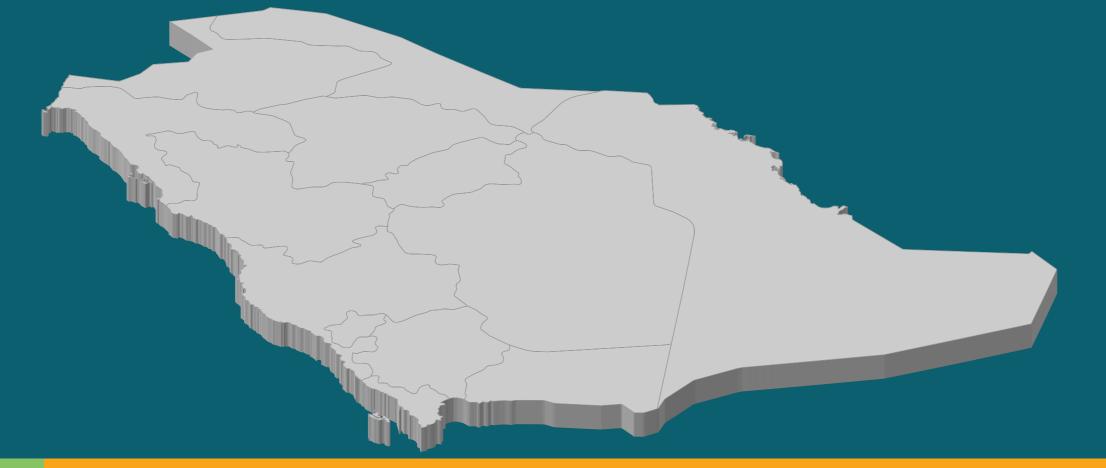




- The climate of the Kingdom in general is continental, hot in the summer, cold and rainy in the winter
- The climate is moderate on the western and southwestern highlands
- Central regions have hot and dry summers, cold and dry winters
- The coasts have high temperature and humidity
- Rains fall in the winter and spring seasons in small amounts in most of the kingdom except for the southwestern highlands, which sees relatively heavy seasonal rains in the summer
- Humidity rises on the western coasts and highlands during most of the year, and decreases as we head inland







## 4 Administrative division of the Kingdom

- The kingdom is divided into (13) administrative regions
- Each region is divided into a number of governorates, the number differs from one region to another
- Every governorate is divided into cities that are administratively related to the governorate or emirate

20 of them are major cities 46 cities 13 administrative regions

0.6%

Al-Baha is the smallest area with

28%

The eastern region is the largest region as it occupies

285
Municipalities

20,000 villages and desertions

269

Mayoralties belonging to the Municipalities

16 main Municipality







### 5 The National Day

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia celebrates its National Day on the first day of Libra, corresponding to September 23 of each year, to commemorate the anniversary of the unification of the Kingdom and its founding in 1351 AH (1932 AD).







### 6 The Flag

The flag of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is rectangular, with is width equal to two-thirds of its length. The floor of the flag is green and at the center is the Islamic Shahada (Testimony of monotheism): (There is no god but Allah, Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah) in the thuluth script and under it is an Arab sword that points towards the flagpole, painted in white. It is not permissible to lower the flag or let it touch the ground or water as it carries the Islamic Shahada.







### The Official Slogan

The emblem of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is composed of two intersecting, curved Arab swords, topped by a palm tree. The two swords symbolize strength, resilience and sacrifice, while the palm tree symbolizes vitality, growth and prosperity.







### The Currency

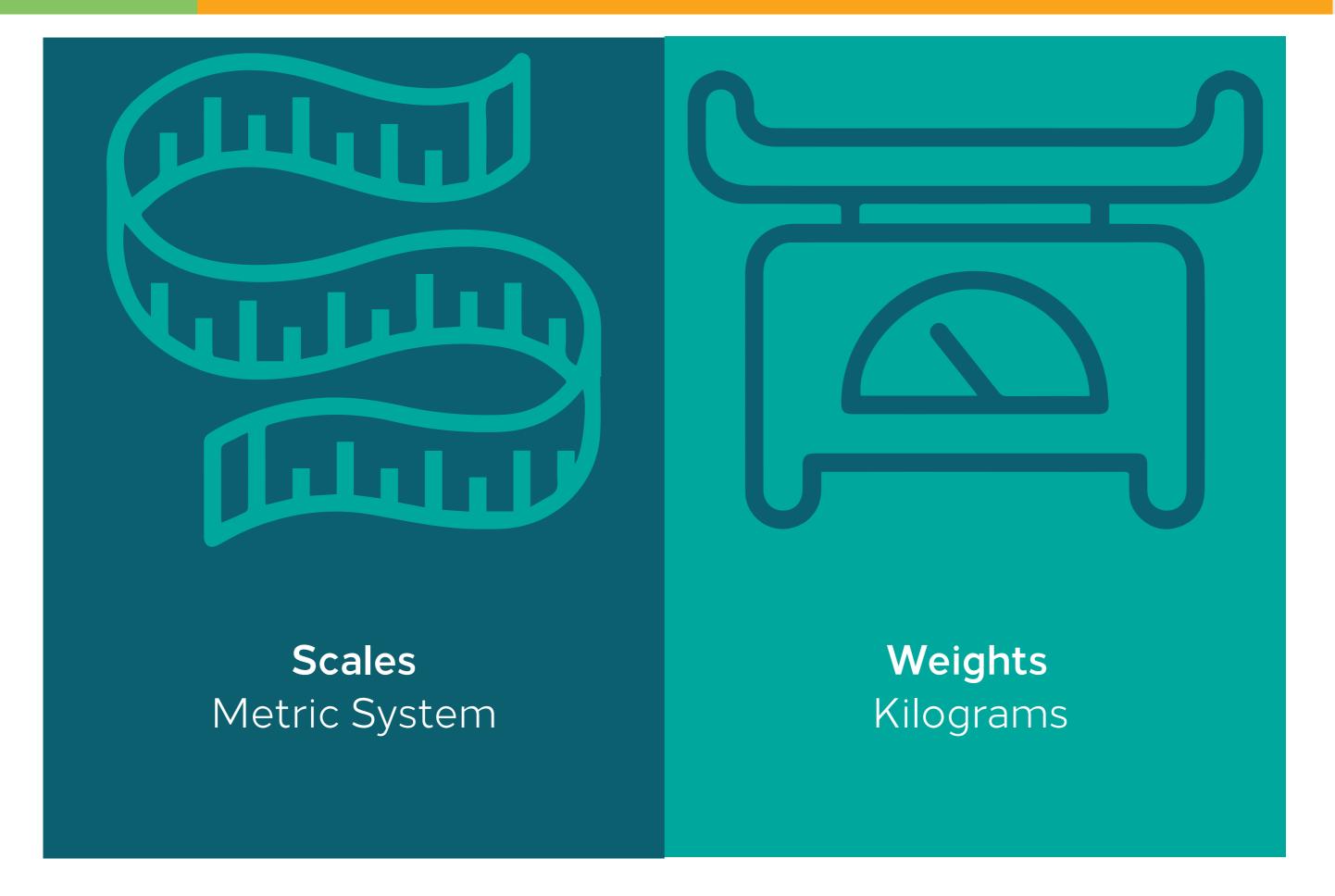
The basic unit of the kingdom's currency is the Saudi Riyal (SAR), and it is coated with gold. The Riyal is subdivided into 100 Halalas and can be converted to foreign currencies at the exchange rate of the that currency







### Scales and Weights









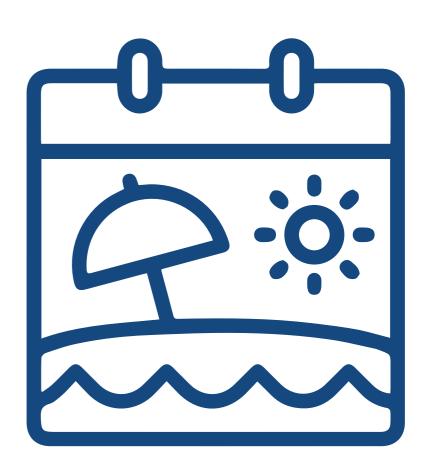
### 10 Calendar

The Kingdom uses the Hijri calendar, which is based on the date of the migration of the Prophet Muhammad, the Messenger of God, peace be upon him, from Mecca to Medina. The lunar hijra year is **354 days** and is divided into twelve lunar months





## 11 Official Holidays





#### Weekends

Friday and Saturday



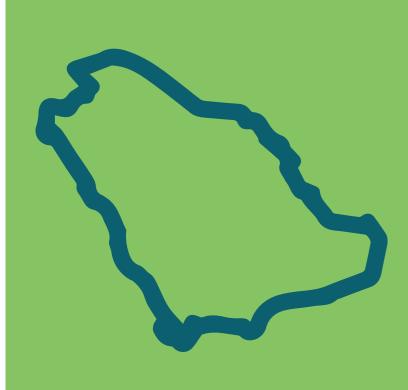
#### Eid Al-Fitr holiday

It starts from the twenty-fifth of Ramadan until the fifth of the month of Shawwal and lasts anywhere between ten days to two weeks, depending on its compatibility with the weekends



#### Eid Al-Adha Holiday

It starts from the fifth of Dhu al-Hijjah until the fifteenth of it. Government departments and institutions are suspended during these holidays



#### The National Day of the Kingdom

It is celebrated on the 23 of September 23 of the Gregorian calendar





## 12 Population and Housing



## 34,218,169

Total population

19,739,056 males 14,479,113

Females

million Saudi Arabians

million 5

Non-Saudi citizens



Populated Areas

8,216,284

Riyadh Most Populated 365,231

Northern Borders Least Populated



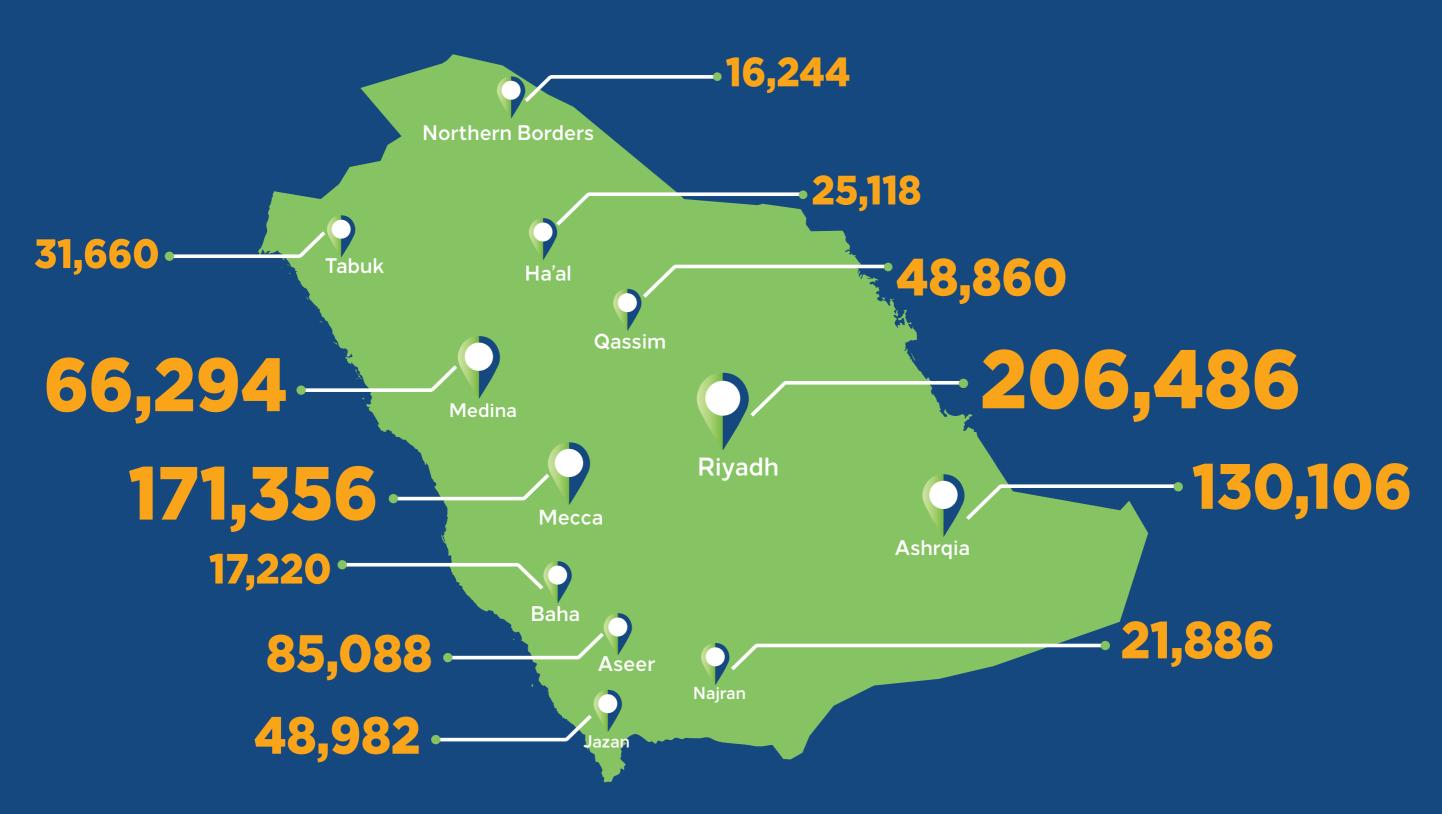




## 13 Registered Saudi Families

369,500

registered Saudi Families









### Health





# Health Services



-223,173 total manpower

- **46,568** 
  - **Doctors**
- 87,362

Nursing

- 4,802
  - **Dentists**
- **12,679**

Pharmacists

**71,762** 

Medical Aiding Categories

- 150 Hospitals
  - **286** Government Hospitals
- 164 Private Hospital

112

of which are certified by the Central Council for Accreditation of Health Facilities

-63,811 Hospital Beds

- 44,665
- in Government Hospitals
- 19,146

in private hospitals





## 15

## Medical Achievements

Siamese twins' operations



#### 31December1990

First operation to separate

Saudi twins took place



### **531** hours

in twin's separation operations



#### 2 million Riyals

is the average cost of an operation



**107** case

studies



46 operations separating Siamese twins



Children

20 countries

months old

The youngest case of a heart transplant for a Saudi infant

year-old patient

The age of the oldest recipient of an artificial heart





# 16 Blood Blood Banks 228+



9 7 mobile units

24

central units

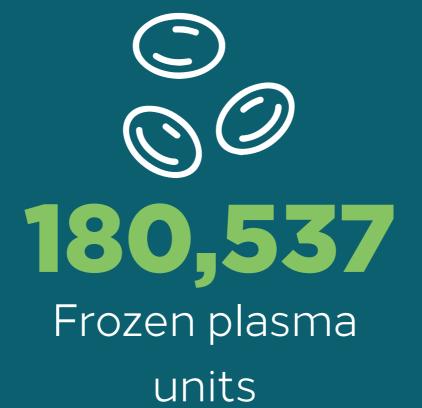
107

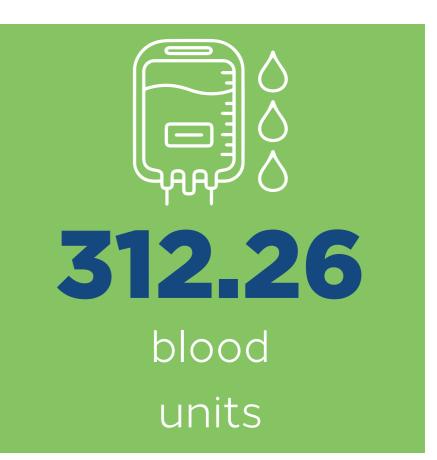
secondary units

312,0000

units of blood and its components were used in Saudi hospitals







24%

of donors are from the Eastern Region 449+

Thousand Donor







# Education and Training





## 1/ Education , / 5,986,414

Total General Education Students

2,937,844 3,043,875
Males

The image of the content of the content

**10,132** 

**5,381** 

**105,666** 

475,903

Workers

clerks

Administrative staff

Teachers

### 13,420,14/

million Riyals, is the total spending of the Saudi families on education annually

**38+** 

29+

Public Technical Public

Colleges Academies

Private Universities and Colleges

Public Universities

Military colleges and institutes

Mediumtechnicalcolleges for male and female students

•106

Technical and scientific research institutions and centers

- Princess Nora bint Abdulrahman University, the largest women's university in the world, includes:
  - kilometers to help students commute

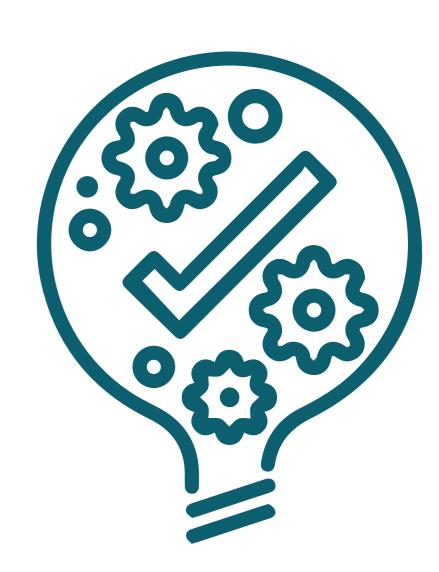
**32** 

colleges



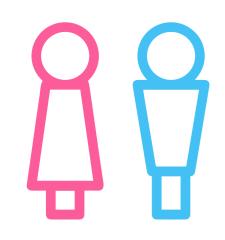


# 18 Talent and Innovation



335,403

persons involved in institutional innovation



T 100,954 Males 234,449

**64,188** 

The number of institutions engaged in innovation

2,340,916 - 64,188

Riyals, innovation revenues

Riyal spent on innovation

Participation in competitions for talented students Intel International Science and Engineering Competition

■ 8 Prizes ■ 19 Participant

International and regional competitions

■ 47 Prizes ■ 69 Participant

The National Olympics for Scientific Creativity

Winner

Candidate

Project

**6,352 84,418** Participant

Saudi Youth Employees

Years **30 - 34** 

Years **25 - 29** 

Years **20 - 24** 

Years **15 - 19** 

Males

Females

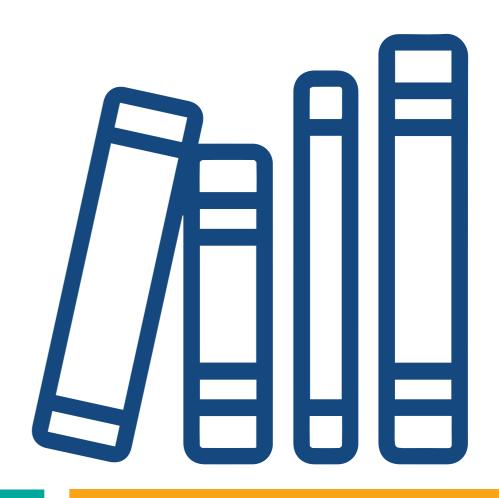
Males

Males





## 19 Libraries



6 Library National and Academic libraries to preserve the Saudi production of knowledge

84

Public Libraries

2,500,000

knowledge sources preserved in the national libraries

75,000

Rare historical pictures of Saudi royalty and geographical regions

1650000 Illustrated manuscript

5,000

Original manuscript







# Agriculture, Water, and Environment





## 20 Agricultural Trees



## 

trees planted in 2019



735,276 49,614

Trees

Km

Natural reserves

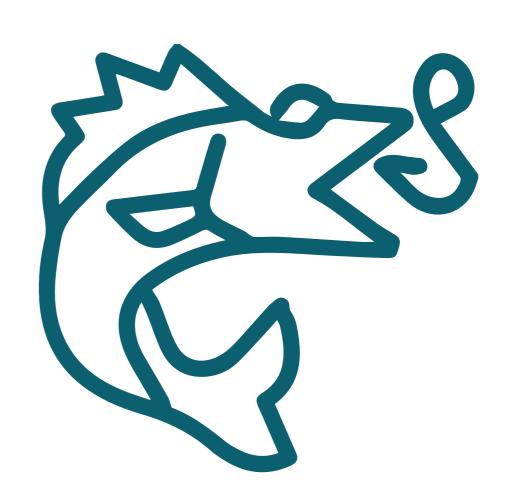
578,419

Saplings in national parks





## 21 Fishing



542

fish species in the Arabian Gulf

1,280

species in the Red Sea



8,788

Boats in The Red Sea



2,141

boats in the Arabian Gulf



8,802

Fishermen

#### Fish Farming

**15.5** 

billion Riyals invested in the seafood industry in the Kingdom

**=** 100,000

Tons

**30,370** 

Manpower

**6** Shrimps Projects

50,000 tons

Exports to 32 countries

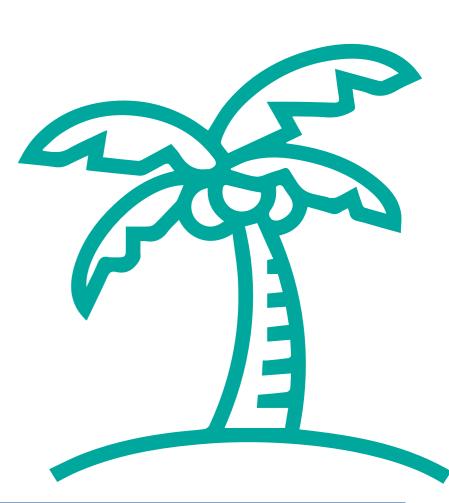
6,089,136

tons of shrimp produced





# 22 Palm Trees Planting



million

palm trees



million 41.5

tons of date



million 5

Qassim region

million Riyadh Region

million

The Eastern Region

million

Al-Madinah Al-Munawwarah Region





Olive
Planting



Olive trees

Fruitful trees

Tons produced

tons Sold





# Coffee Planting



1,000,000,000+

Riyal annual spending

Tons Imported annually

100,000 847

trees

coffee farms

6416

tons of Arabica coffee produced

82,000

fruitful trees





# 25 Specialized Planting



## 386,819

km area of organic palm farms

1,583,000

km of organic fruit farms

43,859

km area of organic vegetable farms

58,025

km area of organic forage farms

42,991

km area of organic grain farms

km area of organic medicinal and aromatic farms





### 26 Water



- The Kingdom is the largest country in the world with no flowing rivers. water sources come from nonrenewable ground water and desalinated water
- **2,067,570** m<sup>3</sup>

day production capacity of the water desalination plants of wells and dams'

- **121,356** km of 2019 water network pipelines
- 5,390 km of 2019 sewage pipelines
- **34,729** km

lengths of desalinated water pipelines

151,497

cumulative totals of well licenses

8,611

the total number of wells according to the Ministry of Environment, Water and Agriculture

Annual water demand

m3**10,500** m3**1,400** m3**3,493** Agricultural Industrial Urban

Dams

m3**2,304.390,647 522** Storage Capacity Dams







27

### Honey Production

tons of honey produced annually

78568 5068 tons

traditional

58<sub>5</sub>289<sub>tons</sub>

modern







### Drinking Sources and Sanitation

**265** Factories

- Source of drinking water for homes across the Kingdom
  - **59%**

house well

**■ 17% ■ 12.96% ■ 9.83%** 

tanks

filters public network

- Sources of sanitation in homes across the Kingdom

**■ 38% ■0.70% ■ 62%** 

holes (wells) Private network public network







29

### Natural Reserves

0.33%

is the area of marine reserves

1.35%

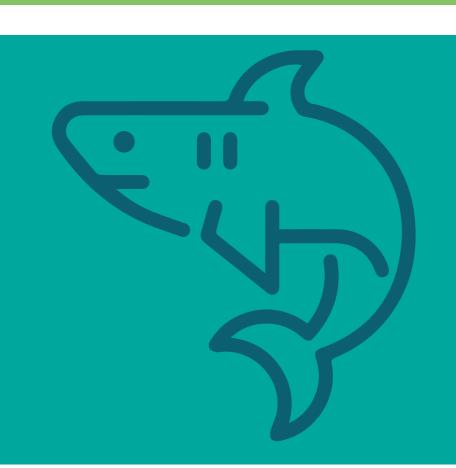
of the land area covered by forests

Aims to 1006 protect of the Kingdom's area

14 areas
of the %4 occupy
Kingdom's area

The Kingdom aims to protect

105 Iand and marine reserves









**3**0

### Waste Disposal

**0.02%**Buried

**0.36%**Burning

**99%**Public Containers

Waste Types (in tons)

**1,603** Metal

**1,701** Glass

**3,411** Plastic

**3,905** Organic

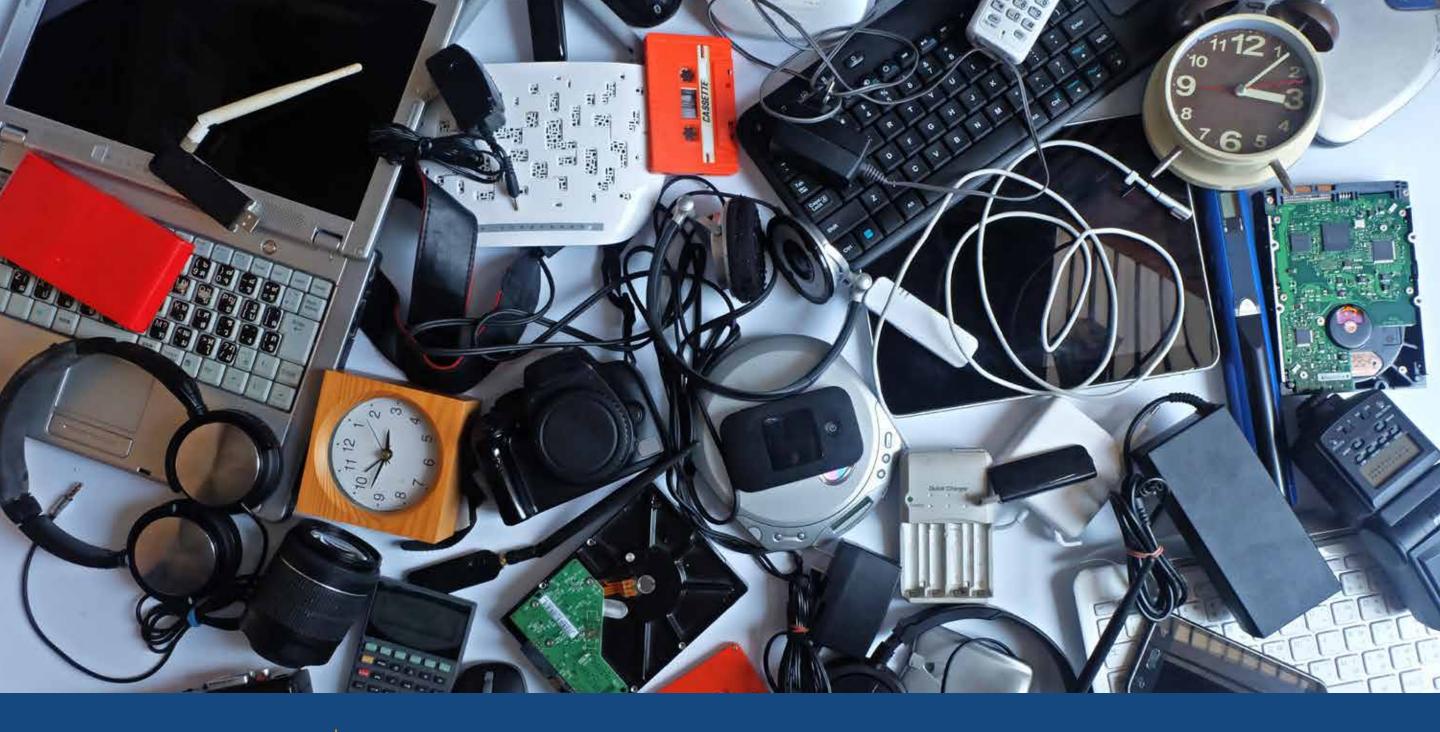
**298**Medical

■ **382** Chemical

**1,207**Agricultural









## **Electronic Waste**



48,301,922

amount of e-waste produced by households



5,81 kg

Average family produces e-waste

**Highest Provinces** 

Mecca

12,030,375

**Lowest Provinces** 

Al Baha

320,347







### Recycling



翼 130,000,000

Total amount of recycled waste

### Solid Waste

Recycled waste less than

1%

### Industrial Waste

Recycling rate

22%



### 2035 Predictions

Recycling

81%







### Culture and Media





## 33 Saudi Folklore

## With 60+ dialects, the diversity of folklore, is notable in

### Badawani

- Originated in Hijaz Area
- A game that is classified under the movement and action game

### Bishana

- It is also used in social events
- The action of beating of the drums to summon the tribesmen in preparation to respond to an invasion

### Hijaz Ta'sher Dance

- Based on Playing with Steel and Fire
- Old war dance, similar to military Performance

### Radih

- The longest running game, up to 12 hours
- A Game in Yanbu al-Nakhl, and Yanbu al-Bahr

### Al'gal

- Old popular game
- Yanbu al-Bahr is known for it
- Performed during the reception and farewell of sailors

### Al\_Damma

- Originated in Aseer over
   200 years ago
- Enthusiastic performance art

### Najd Performance

- War dance performed by Najd Citizens
- Listed in intangible cultural heritage in 2015
- Was one of the main war festivals in the past
- Considered the Kingdom's official celebration





## 54 Culture and Entertainment

53

Governmental Museums 23

Museum of the National Heritage Sector **162** 

**Private Museums** 

35.36%

families have home book case

53.02%

read newspapers and magazines 55.41%

read books

39.36%

watch TV

53.96%

listen to Radio

92%

Visit cultural and entertain-ment places where they live

55.15%

Visit cultural and entertain-ment places inside and outside the Kingdom

70.03%

Archaeological and historical places and museums

2.51%

book fairs

39.62%

Cinema

53.91%

Amusement parks

2.31%

**Sports Events** 

8.96%

National heritage festivals 7.97%

Holidays Festivals





## **55** Favorite Cultural Language



Reading

76.67% 7.54% 10.96%

Arabic

English

**Others** 



Writing

**Arabic** 

7.42%

English

11.05%

**Others** 



Speaking

81.25%

Arabic

7.08%

English

11.57%

**Others** 



Browsing

81.84%

Arabic

24%

**English** 

12.69%

**Others** 







### Favorite Entertaining Language



**Theatre** 

77.42%

Arabic

7.29%

English

10.42%

**Others** 



Listening to Music

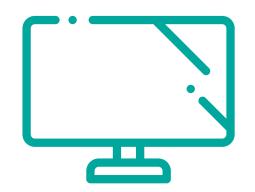
Arabic

English

74.22% 7.68% 10.90%

Arabic English Others

**Others** 



Watching TV and Listening to Radio

80.02% 7.51% 11.29%

Arabic

English

**Others** 







# Commerce and Investment

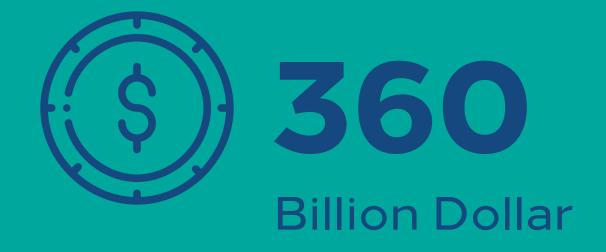






## 7 Public Investment Fund

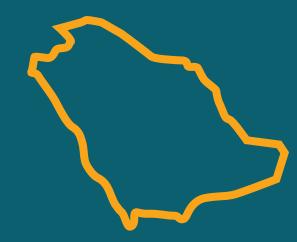
- Kingdom's sovereign wealth fund
- Founded in 1971
- Among the largest sovereign wealth funds in the world
- The fund aims at financing projects of strategic value
- Ninth place, with total assets estimated at







## 38 Development Bodies



### Saudi Royal Commissions

2014

2014

2017

The Royal
Commission
for the City
of Mecca
and the Holy
Sites

Eastern Region
Development
Authority

The Royal
Commission
for Al-Ula
Governorate

2000

2009

Mecca Region Development Authority Madinah Region Development Authority

1974

1975

The Royal Commission for the City of Riyadh The Royal Commission for Jubail and Yanbu





## 39 Internet Usage

24.25%

Obtaining information about goods or services

11.78%

Searching for health-related services

97.34%

Using Social networks

59.12%

Telephone calls

0.98%

Sale of goods and services

11.09%

Teaching or learning activities

14.68%

Reading or downloading newspapers, magazines or e-books 29.76%

Playing or downloading games, movies, photos, music and videos

11.55%

Listening to the radio and watching TV

27.68%

Download software and applications







## E-Commerce



45,000

Saudi online stores



+50%

of residents shop online



28.5

Billion Riyals size of e-com-

merce market



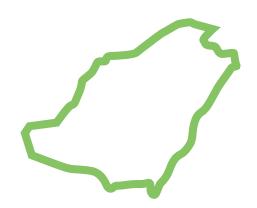
14 Million

online shoppers



80 Billion Riyals

The size of the e-commerce and logistics market in the Kingdom



45%

of the volume of electronic commerce in the Middle East and the Arab world comes from Saudi Arabia





## 41 Electronic Payments

- +4Million Point of sale
- 0 + 360 Thousands

Point of sale devices that work with NFC feature

- 9 Billion NFC Operations performed
  - +1.6Billion Electronic payment transaction

287 Billion Riyal worth of transactions

- Smartphones
  - 106.5 Million 9 Billion transactions

Riyal

75Billion Riyal worth of technological transactions

- Sadad
  - 270 Million transactions

445Billion Riyal

19.7 Million transactions





## Purchase of goods and services via the Internet

30.17%

Yes

69.83%

No

 Payment methods used to purchase goods and services over the Internet

89.48%

Cash on delivery

0.45%

Prepaid gift card

14.34%

ATM card or electronic transfer

37.33%

Credit cards

0.43%

Online Payment service

1.13%

Points from the rewards or redemption programs (for (example Qitaf 0.02%

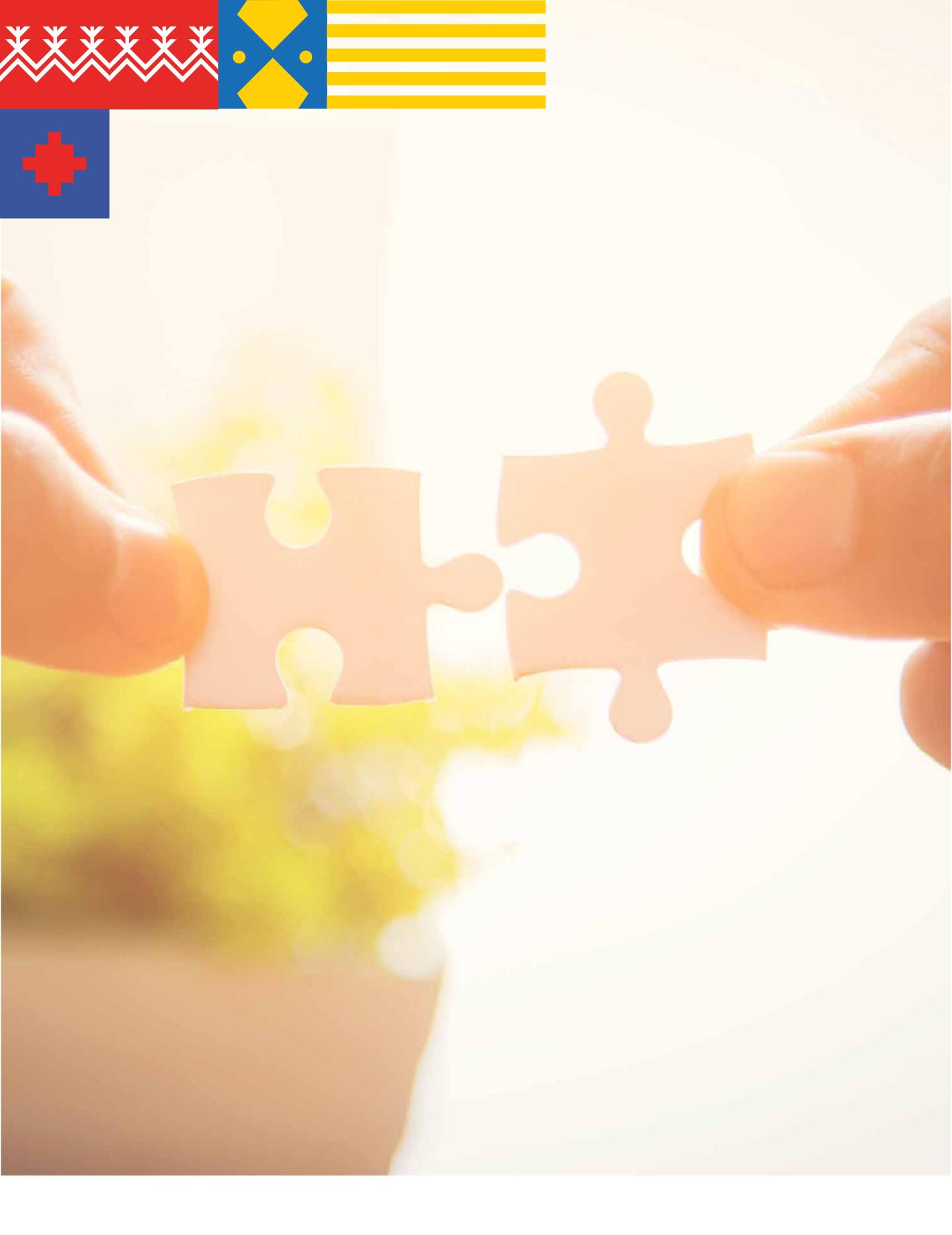
Bank Check

0.58%

Mobile phone Account







# Services and Social Development





## 43 Charity Sector Activities

## 2598 Charitable Organization

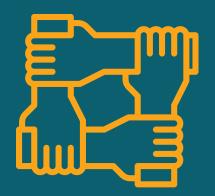
**521** 

Social Development Committees **591** 

Association for the Teaching and memorizing the Holy Quran

1,125

Public organization



### The charity sector includes activit

169

Support charitable work and volunteering **17** 

Environment

666

Development and housing

674

Social Services

83

Health

301

Professional associations and societies

18

Education and Research

**35** 

Culture and entertainment 601

Religious
Preaching and
guidance





## 44 Foreign aid

### 0 \$4,497,291,336

- The total number of projects 3,812
- Started with 10 projects in 1975
- Number of projects in 2019 is 824 including

continents and sub-continents

**155** 

countries

**323** 

partners

Saudi donors

### Projects were distributed over

1,652

1,370

236

Humanitarian and relief aid in emergencies

Education

Transportation

Agriculture

84

61

**59** 

Water and sanitation

Health

Other projects

Energy

45

Religious and

Hospitals

social charitable works







# Money, Insurance, and Prices





## Reserve Assets of the Kingdom

Imports

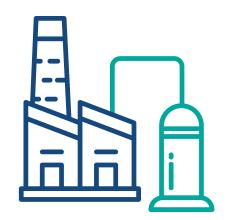
574,361

Million Riyal for the year 2019

Exports

981,012

Million Riyal for the year 2019



Building materials and iron

18826

Thousand Tons



Refined petroleum products and gas

126614

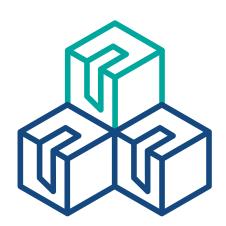
Thousand Tons



Petrochemical materials

33323

Thousand Tons



Other Materials

20640

Thousand Tons



Agricultural Products

122

Thousand Tons



Cargo Crossings

12975

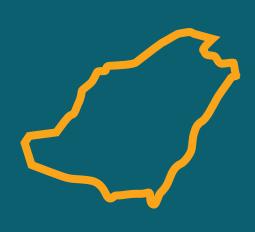
Thousand Tons







## Saudi Banks



25

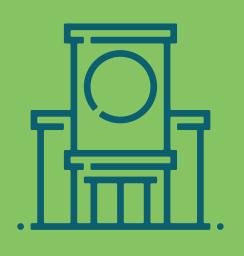
Banks working in Saudi Arabia

Local

11

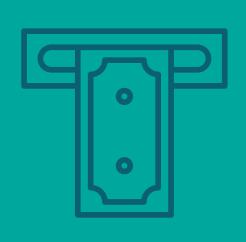
Foreigner

14



2071

branches of banks operating in the kingdom



18,490 ATM Machine







## 47 Automated Teller Machines



31,540,067 mada

Mada Card

The number of ATMs reached

1995

2015

2016

1,124

machines

17,223

machines

17,887

machines

2017

2018

2019

18,333

18,685

18,882

machines

machines

machines





## 48 Investment funds



159.96
Billion Riyals, total fund assets

investment fund

253

for the year 2019

investment fund

for the year 1992

Foreign assets

26.52

Billion Riyals

Local assets

133.44

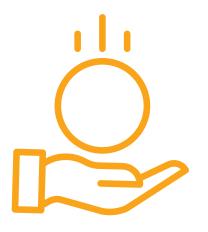
Billion Riyals



Number of subscribers

33,162

subscribers



Total

12.40

Billion Riyals







## 49 Average per capita income (SAR / annual)

Year 1971

5,373

Year 1980 58,782

Year 1990

28,967

Year 2000 34,708

Year 2010
71,862

Year 2019
86,902







### Labor market







50

### Labor Market



8,597,433

933,966

very small businesses

2,494,554

small businesses

1,752,733

medium businesses

3,416,180

big businesses





## 51 Labor Market Nationalities

### 185 nationalities

### total workforce



9.4%

**Indians** 



4.5%

Pakistani



4.4%

Bangladeshi



4.3%

Egyptian

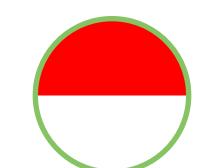


11.3% **Filipino** 



5.07%

Yemeni



4.19%

Indonesian



2.5%

Sudanese

### Average monthly working hours



212



202 Female







## Industry





## 52 Industrial establishments

total number of industrial 0 111,934 establishments

635

5,833 17,889

87,577

big

medium

small

very small establishments

- of these businesses were 6,794 established before 1979
- 1,140,636 total employees





2.36 BILLIONS

Riyals spent on research and development

6,659

companies operating in the insurance sector

173,200,705

49,623,534

113,320

revenues

expenditures

employees







55

Manufacturing industries establishments

108,815

establishments

993,530

workers

Less than 5 workers

85,039

establishments

192,769

workers

5 - 19 workers

18,022

establishments

151,704

workers

More than 20 workers

5,754

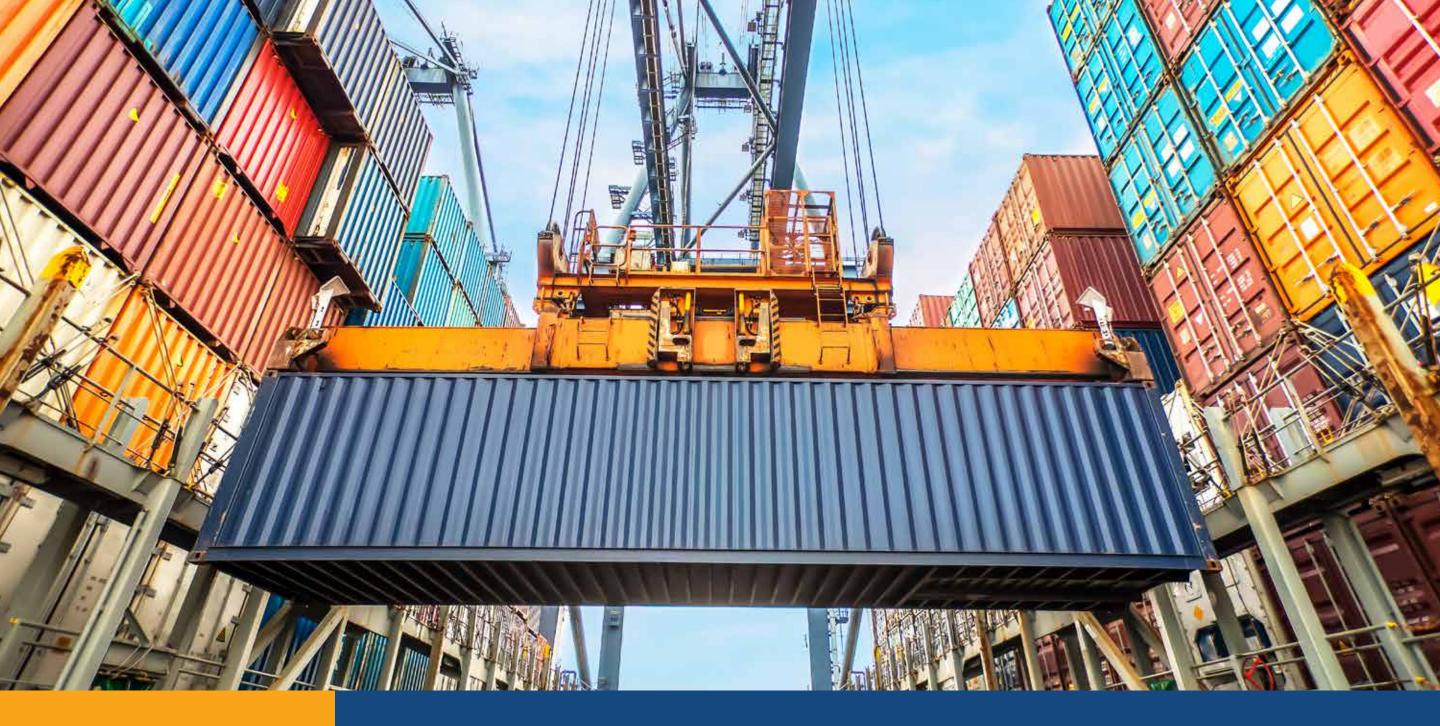
establishments

649,057

workers







## Imports and Exports

The highest exported non-oil products are



**Plastic** 



Rubber



**Minerals** 



**Fertilizers** 



Eggs



Iron and steel



Distilled products



Dairy industry



**Natural** Honey



Chemical industries



**Aluminum** and aluminum products



Mineral oils and fuels



Electrical machines, equipments and its parts



Audio-Video recording devices and its parts







### 55 Made In Saudi Arabia

- Number of small, medium and large enterprises
- industrial cities

35

industrial cities

198,8

million m<sup>2</sup> of developed industrial lands

+3500

active factories

Metal industries

202

Wood industries

69

Paper industries

83

Food industries

95

Plastic and chemical industries

166





# 56 Intellectual property rights



### **Patents**

**3,651** trademarks

480

patents registered 1,188 local requests



### Industrial models

804

industrial design applications

348 Local Orders 564

industrial model certificates

195 local certificates



### **Local Brands**

37,669 trademark applications

10,210 local marks







## 57 Import and consumption of perfumes and incense

69.83%
 of the Kingdom's population use incense





5
Billion

Annual perfume market value



2 Billion

of them the share of Oriental Perfumes

© \$3.8 Billion

investment in the perfume sector







# Transportation





# 58 Airports

#### International and domestic airports

#### 5International Airports

#### King Khaled Intl Airport

- Riyadh
- Founded 1983
- Passenger capacity:12,000,000
- Area 225,000 m2

#### King Fahd Intl Airport

- Dammam
- Established in 1999
- Passengers capacity:8,000,000
- Area:761 km2

#### King Abdul-Aziz Intl Airport

- Jeddah
- Founded 1981
- Passenger Capacity: 7,500,000
- Area: 91 km2

#### Prince Muhammad bin Abdul-Aziz Intl Airport

- Old Airport 1950
- New airport 2015
- Passengers Capacity:4,800,000
- Area27 km2

#### **Taif Intl Airport**

- Founded: 1976
- Passenger Capacity:550,000
- Area: 48,000 km2

#### **Domestic Airports**

- 8Regional
- 15Local
- 11Aramco
- 4Military Base
- 70thers





#### Railways and Trains

#### Riyadh – Dammam Train

 A 1418 km line for the transportation of passengers and goods

449km

569km

400km

Passenger line

Cargo line Secondary lines

- SAR Train
- 2750 km long
- Dedicated to transporting passengers and minerals
- 6 passenger stations in the North Train project distributed as follows
  - Almogam'a 2 King Khalid Airport 3 Qassim
  - 6 'Aljawfa 5 Alhodaitha 4 Hail

#### Haramain high-speed train

- 450 km long
- connects both Jeddah and Mecca, with a double line that runs for 78km
- Jeddah and Medina 410 km

Speed exceeds 300 km/h







#### Roads and Bridges

132,000<sub>km</sub>

of paved roads in the Kingdom

66,000<sub>km</sub>

of land roads

49,000<sub>km</sub>

of one-way roads

12,000 km

dual roads

5,000km

Highways covering the Kingdom







# Technology and Communication







# 61 Information Technology

123,267 Employees



**Facilities** 

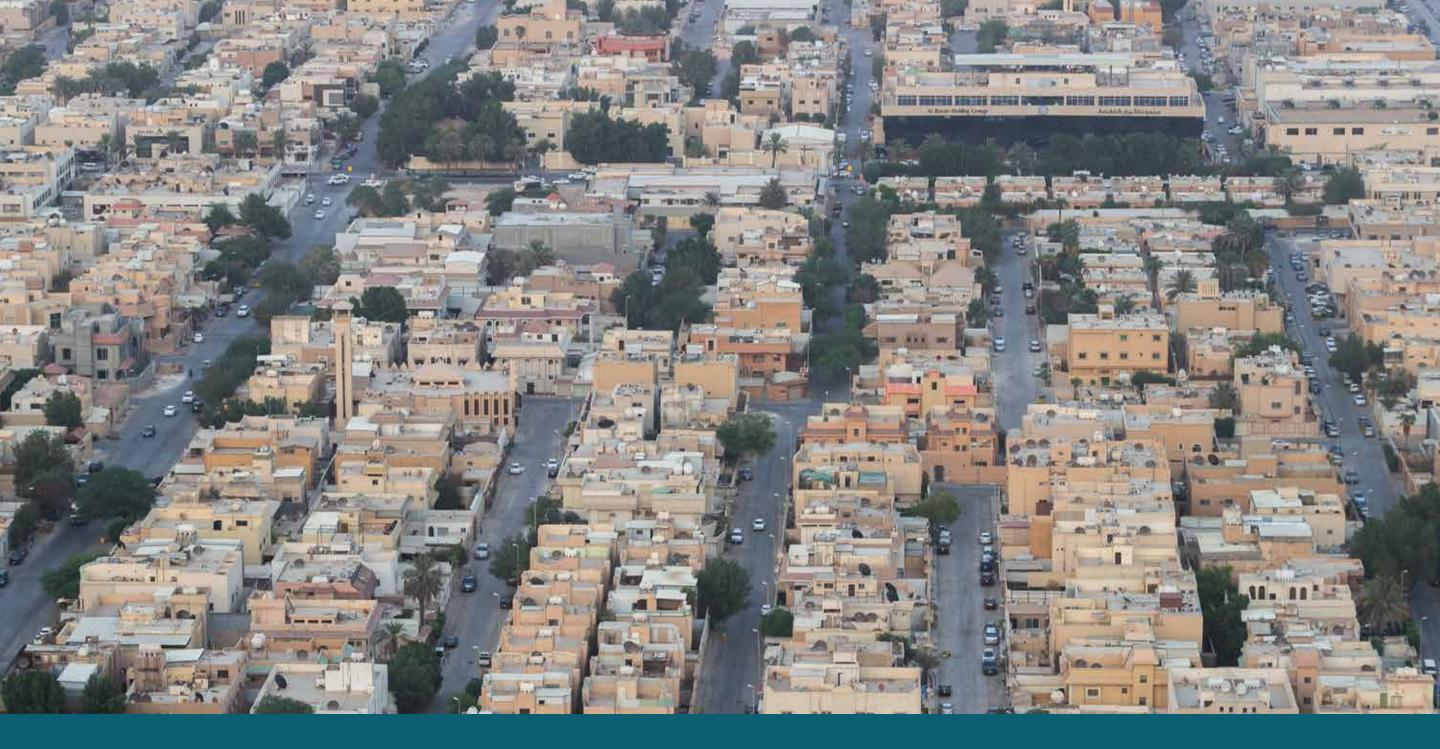
167,904,944

Riyals

Operating revenues







# **62** Delivering Technology to Homes

29,8

Mbps average speed for home broadband networks

37%

of homes are covered by optical fiber network

88%

of the population has 4G coverage

29.3

Mbps average speed for mobile broadband networks







# Owning and using technical equipment

Internet
Access
Devices



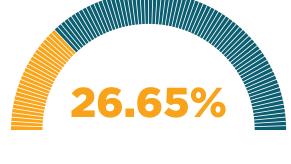
Desktop computer



mobile phone



**Tablets** 



Laptops



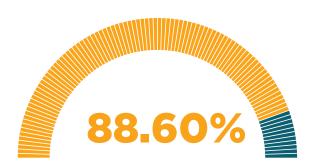


E-mail

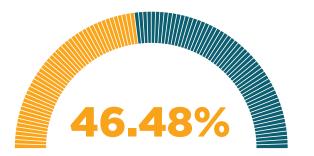


Mobile Phone

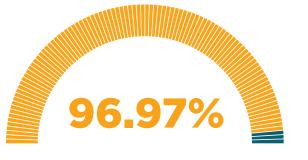
#### Usage



Internet



Computer



Mobile Phone



Fixed Phone



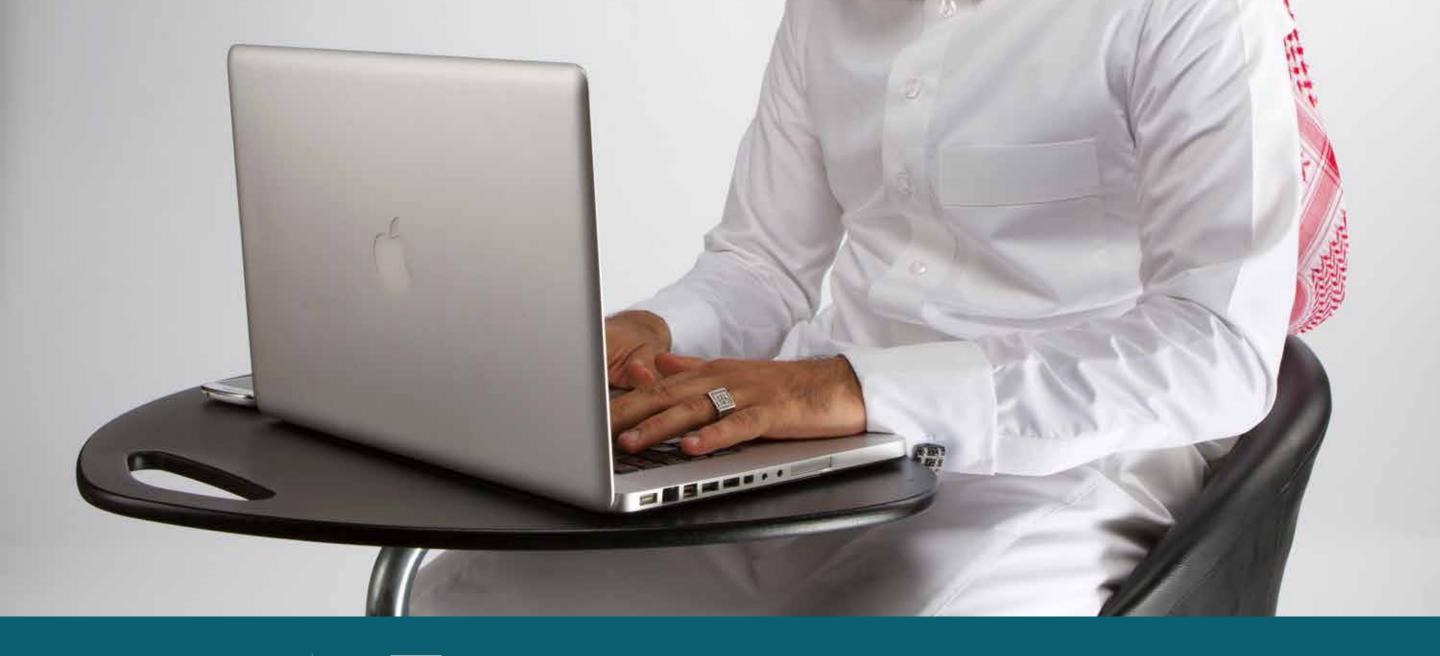
Radio



TV







# E-government services online

Yes 5/42%

No 62.58%

17.69%

Obtaining information from government agencies

87.89%

Access to government services

26.75%

Obtaining and filling out electronic government forms

50.13%

Online payments for government agencies







# Islamic Affairs Hajj and Umrah







#### Hajj and Umrah

The number of pilgrims from unification of the Kingdom until now

23.000.000+

pilgrims in the last 10 years

54.000.000+

pilgrims in the last 25 years

59,000,000+

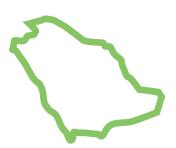
pilgrims since 1439 -1390AH

Umrah performers for the year 1440 AH



From outside the Kingdom

7,457,663



From the Kingdom

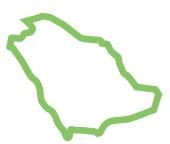
11,700.368

Pilgrims for the year 1440 AH



From outside the Kingdom

1,855,027



From the Kingdom

634,379



350,830 manpower to serve pilgrims







# King Fahd Complex for the Printing of the Holy Quran

318,155,274

copies of various publications distributed over 36 years

Founded in 1984m 1405AH

Includes 74 languages

**19**African
languages

**16**European languages

**39**Asian
Languages

The complex distributes more

18
million copies annually

25,000<sub>m2</sub>

of complex area

13

certified printing lines

60,000 visitors per month

49
publications for sale





# 6 / Islamic Centers

1,944

The Islamic Cultural Center was founded in London

1.9/4

the first missionary institution in Japan

Islamic centers around the world

mosques around the world

Islamic centers covered 5 continents

#### Aiming at:

- **Defining Islam correctly**
- Serving and supporting all Muslims in all parts of the world
- Spreading the moderate Islamic sciences
- Achieving the principle of social solidarity







# Tourism Entertainment Sports





# 68 Tourism









**Facilities** 

annual average occupancy

53.7% **Hotel Rooms**  51.1% **Furniture Housing Units** 

3 2 Night

furnished residential units annually

+70 Million

visitors to the Kingdom from 2015 until 2019

Visitors spend an average

2 9 Nights

hotel rooms for a guest







#### Castles and Fortress

castles and fortresses in the Kingdom, including

#### **Arif Castle**

- Hail
- Observe and defend
- Built 1840 AD

#### **Abu Arish Castle**

- Abu Arish Governorate
- Observe and defend against invaders
- Built before the year 991 AH

#### **Al-Zarib Castle**

- Al-Wajh Governorate
- Built 1617 AD
- To protect pilgrims' convoys and the luggage they carry

#### **Al-Saidi Castle**

- Qurayyat
- Nabataean period
- For housing and observation

#### Tabuk Archaeological Citadel

- Tabuk at the stations of the Shami Hajj Road
- Built in 1559 AD

#### **Tarut Castle**

- Tarut Island
- Built 1521 AD
- For observation and defense

#### **Muwailih Castle**

- Tabuk
- ●1560 m
- To Observe and defense

#### **Castle Mard**

- Aljawfa'
- First century AD
- For observation and defense

#### Dossarya Castle

- Jizan
- •1419 m
- The castle was used in war, politics, and education





#### Caves

#### **300** caves and dunes spread across the kingdom located in



North Riyadh



Al-Samman



Eastern Area



#### The most prominent discovered caves include

#### Hira cave

- Located on top of the mountain of light eastern Mecca
- Height: 634 m
- area 5.25 km2

#### **Heat Cave**

- near Al-Khurj
- Large groundwater tank inlet

#### Reptiles Cave

- The name comes from many lizards that roam around its roof
- To visit the cave, one must crawl on hands and legs

#### **Dahl Sultan**

It was discovered in the early 1980's and is located around the village of Al-Maaqla

#### Sha'fan Cave

- One of the largest caves
- 2 km long
- Its height is up to eight meters
- It goes dep to 800m underground.

#### **Dharb Al Najem**

A deep cavity with a 100 meters diameter

#### Algae Cave

- Discovered by a coincidence
- consists of a very long descending passage that goes by the name (rope)

#### Almofaqa'a Cave

The largest and most beautiful cave that have been discovered in Saudi Arabia.







#### World Heritage Sites

- 22 km outsideAl-Ula governorate
- Includes 111 tombs
- The first site in Saudi Arabia to join the list
- The largest preserved site of the
   Nabataean civilization, south of Petra
- Al-Hijr (Madain Saleh) 2008 record
- It was associated with the first Saudi state and was its capital
- It was established in the 15th century AD
- It goes back to pre-Islamic times
- It includes a number of archaeological and heritage monuments and buildings
- It is located in the Hail region
- Its history goes back to more than 10 thousand years BC
- One of the largest and most famous natural palm oases in the world
- More than 3 million palm trees produce the finest dates

Historical Diriyah Recorded in 2010

Historic Jeddah Record 2014

Jubba, Ratat and Al-Manjor (Al-Shuwaymas) registered 2015

Al-Ahsa Oasis Record 2018 AD







#### Youth and Sports

Practicing sports in the community

**Physical Fitness** 

Å

° V

%33

%58,5

Females Males

Recreation



° M

%40,5

**Females** 

%59,5

Males

Improving Physical Appearances

Å A

%46,9

**Females** 

%25,6

Males

**Health Enhancing** 

\$ \$\frac{\text{\tin}\text{\tetx{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texict{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi}\texi{\texi{\texit{\texi}\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\tet



%69,7

%54,7

**Females** 

Males

**Society Stimulation** 





%3,6

%4,9

Females

Males







#### Saudi Sports Cities

#### King Fahd International Playground

- Riyadh
- The largest football stadium in the Kingdom
- Accommodates +68,000 spectators
- 500,000 m2 area
- Opened 1987
- The cost of its creation is \$460,000,000

#### Prince Faisal bin Fahd Stadium

- Riyadh
- Opened 1969
- known as Al-Malaz Stadium
- 22,250 spectators

#### **King Abdullah Sports City**

- Jeddah
- Accommodates 62,000 spectators
- Opened 2014

#### King Abdul-Aziz Stadium

- Mecca
- opened 1986
- Holds 38,000 spectators

#### Prince Abdullah Al-Faisal Stadium

- Jeddah
- 18,000 spectators
- The most exciting stadium in the country as the spectators are very close to the playground

#### **Prince Saud bin Jalawi Sports City**

- Alkhubar
- Opened 1983
- 15,000 spectators







# Energy







#### Oil and Gas

100

major oil and gas fields

billion barrels

Ghawwar field is the largest oil field in the world with an estimated quantity

of Saudi oil production comes 60% of Saudi oil pro from Ghawwar

40%

of the kingdom's oil production comes from five fields

266 billion barrels

of proven oil reserves

303

trillion cubic feet of gas reserves







#### Crude oil exports

1962

50,130

1967

88,857

1970

117,417

1980

337,569

1990

164,242

2000

228,238

2010

242,509

2015

261,451

2019

256,890







# 76 Precious Metals

12 Active mines produce

415,00

ounce gold 921.00

tons of aluminum

2.3

million tons of ammonia **3.2** 

million tons of phosphate

22.5 billion Riyals

contribution to the national income

#### Reserve

2.78 billion tons in phosphates, iron aluminum, zinc and copper

19 million ounces of gold





# **Electricity**

299,188

megawatts
of electrical energy consumed

76,941

megawatts only Saudi Arabia generates

299,188 gwh

of electrical energy consumption is distributed as follows



46,849

**Commercial Sector** 



130,428

**Residential Sector** 



58,177

**Industrial Sector** 



43,909

**Governmental Sector** 



export

36

**GWh** 

Import

2

GWh

551,459

GWh of electricity produced







# 78 Atomic Power

Major Reactors

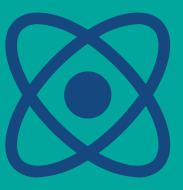
Reactor

produce

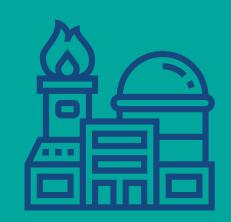
1200 - 1600

megawatts of electricity per hour per reactor

**Small** reactors



Owning and developing atomic energy technologies and building them in isolated places



suits its requirements for water desalination and various thermal applications from the petrochemical industries

Uranium reserves

60,000

**Tons** 

%6-5

of global reserves







#### Solar Power Sector

2018

The Kingdom has launched work on two solar stations

With of Capacity of 3 gigawatts and 4.2 gigawatts

Manufacturing and developing solar panels

Generating solar energy with a capacity between 150-200 GW by 2030

200 billion is the cost of the project







#### Hydroelectricity

1 1 5 MWh

total energy generated



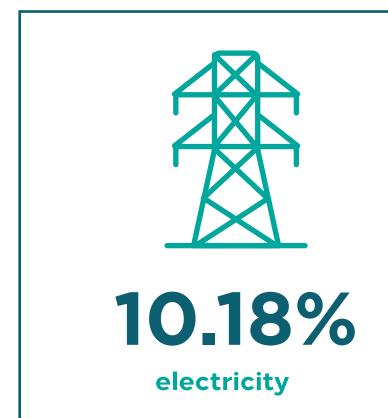
Generating Energy by using the force of gravity as a result of falling water from different heights to manage turbines designated for generating energy

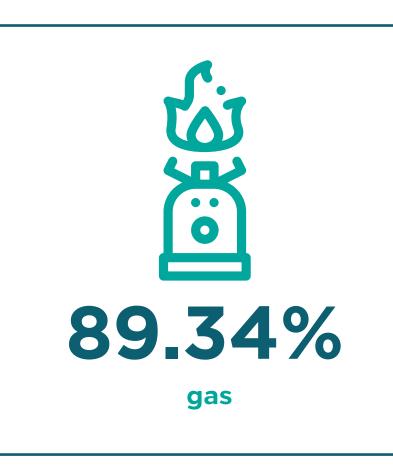


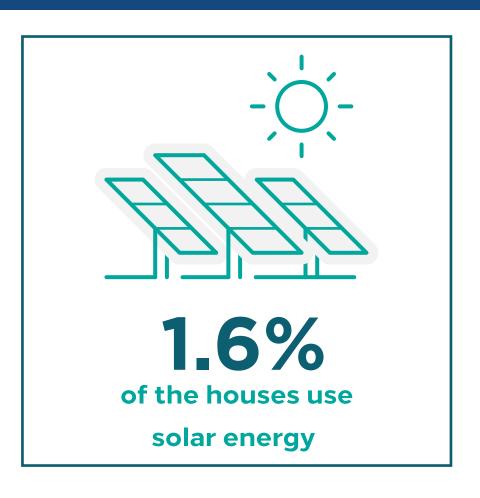




# 81 Energy used in Saudi Homes













99.99%

of the Kingdom's homes have working electricity







### Economic







#### The Vision of the Future

#### Qiddiya Project

- 334km square kilometers in Riyadh
- 8billion dollars
  The cost of the project is
- 300 entertainmentandeducational facilities

# The Red Sea Development Project

- It is located between the cities of Umluj and Al Wajh on the .coast of the Red Sea
- The project area is 30 thousand square kilometers
- It consists of an archipelago of primeval islands, a desert and a lifeless volcano
- Includes 8,000 hotel rooms

#### **NEOM Project**

- 26,000km²that expands to areas of theEgyptian and Jordanian borders
- 500billion
  Riyals, the cost of the project
- 16
  sectors specializing in technology
  and future technologies

#### **Amaala Project**

- Launched by the Saudi Public Investment Fund in 2018 that expands to areas of the Egyptian and Jordanian borders
- It is located Within Prince Mohammed bin Salman Royal Reserve
- The project is based on luxury tourism that is based on wellness, health and treatment
- It provides 22 thousand job opportunities







#### Giant Projects

#### **Jabal Omar Project**

- The project area is 231,939.23m2
- billion project cost 4.4 \$
- Combines hotel towers and high-rise apartment buildings
- visitors, the 100,000 maximum capacity during the Hajj season

#### Riyadh and Jeddah Metros

- 6lines
- Covers an area of 176,000 km
- metro train stations 85 in the city
- Capable of serving 400,000 passengers per day
- meters long train 36

#### King Salman Park

- Built on an area of a 13,000 km
- Four times the size of New York Central park
- Combines hotel towers and high-rise apartment buildings

#### Al Widyan Project

- located in Riyadh
- It complies with the highest international standards of modernity and development
- On an area of 7,000,000 square meters
- It consists of 12 regions
- billion cost 2.7\$
- housing unit 20,000







#### **Economic Cities**

Four economic cities launched in 2005 at a cost of 455 billion riyals

### King Abdullah Economic City

- billion Riyals, the 375 cost of construction
- It aims to place the Kingdom among the top 10 countries that attract investment and competitiveness

### Knowledge Economic City

- Five kilometers from the Noble Sanctuary
- Costs 25 billion riyals
- Offered 20,000 jobs

### Jazan Economic City

- An area of 103 km
- It has a coastline of 11,5km

#### Prince Abdul-Aziz Bin Musaed Economic City

- located in the Hail region
- Has an area of156,000,000 squaremeters
- Cost of the project was 30 billion Riyals







# Military Sector





# Domestic military sectors



General directorate of public Security was established in 1343AH



Passport Authority was established in 1961



Road Security Administration directorate was established in 1410AH

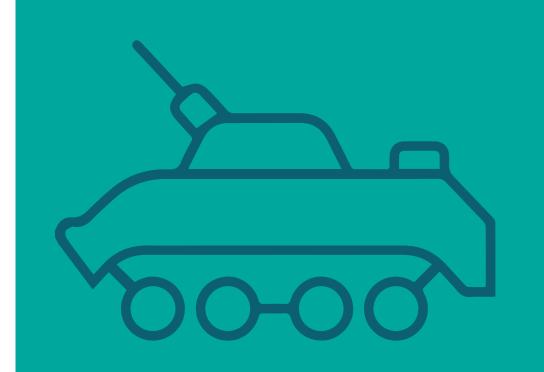


Civil Defense, the first fire brigade was established in 1927





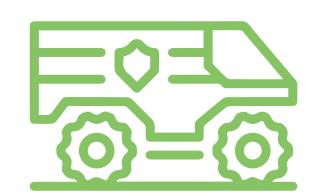




Saudi Military is ranked 17 of 138 countries

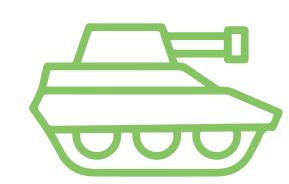
# 803,000

Total military personnel approximately



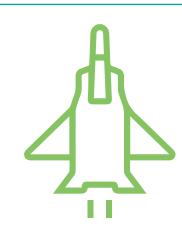
12,825

armored vehicles



1,062

Planes



879

Air Force



122

Missile carrier



1,818

Moving Artillery



705

self-propelled artillery







# Saudi Arabia and The World





#### **Peace Initiatives**

# King Fahd Initiative Saudi Peace Initiative 1981

- It was presented at the Fez summit in 1981
- Presented by King Fahd Abdelaziz may Allah have mercy on him
- The initiative asserted "The right of all countries in the region to live "in peace
- The initiative was rejected by: Syria, Algeria, Libya and Iraq

#### Riyadh Agreement

- Signed November2019,5
- Under the auspices of King Salman bin Abdul-Aziz
- End the conflict be tween the Yemeni gov ernment and the
   Southern Transitional
   Council

#### **Arab Peace Initiative**

- It was presented at the .Beirut Summit in 2002
- Launched by King Abdullah bin Abdul Aziz, may Allah have mercy on him
- The initiative stated
- Agreeing to "full normalization with Israel in exchange for peace
- All Arab countriesagreed to the initiative

#### Peace Agreement between Eritrea and Ethiopia

- Signed in September2018
- Under the auspices of the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Salman bin Abdul-Aziz
- In the city of Jeddah in the Kingdom







documents signed by the Kingdom

international agreements and treaties

bilateral international agreements

56

multilateral international agreements





#### Membership in regional and international organizations

organizations which the Kingdom participates as a member:

The name of the organization	Abbreviation
Arab Bank for Economic Develop- ment in Africa	ABEDA
African Development Bank	AFDB
Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development	AFESD
Arab Monetary Fund	AMF
Bank for International Settlements	BIS
Council of Arab Economic Unity	CAEU
Cerebral Palsy World Organization	CP
Food and Agriculture Organization	FAO
G 20	G20
United Nations Group of 77	G77
Gulf Cooperation Counsel	GCC
International Atomic Energy Agency	IAEA
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	IBRD
International Civil Aviation Organization	ICAO







# 90 Saudi Diplomacy

# 105

foreign Embassies and consulate inside the Kingdom

Saudi Embassies and consulate in foreign countries :distributed as follows

**27** -

Europe

**34** •

Asia

2

Australia

29

Europe

10
Northern
America











